

AP Chemistry Syllabus

Course Description:

This is an advanced placement course designed to prepare the student for the AP Chemistry exam, and covers the equivalent of one full year of college level General Chemistry. It is a rigorous math-based course, with a strong laboratory component. It is intended for students who have demonstrated a willingness to commit considerable time to studying and completing assignments outside of class, and who have successfully completed a prior course in chemistry during high school. The primary goal of the course is for students to understand the basic principles of modern chemistry—including stoichiometry, reactions, kinetics, equilibria, thermodynamics, electrochemistry, and more—while also demonstrating the ability to use that understanding in the solution and meaningful communication of mathematically based laboratory and textbook problems.

Methods of Evaluation:

Students will be evaluated by using, but not limited to, the following:

- Teacher-constructed quizzes and examinations
- Laboratory exercises and scientific-formatted lab reports (for student portfolios)
- Homework and class work
- Classroom participation
- Standardized examinations

Assignments and Points:

Homework assignments will typically be worth 10 points each. Lab reports, to which you will attach a rubric (see website), will be worth 32 points each.

There will be frequent quizzes on most topics worth 10-20 points each, unit exams worth 40-60 points, and a semester-cumulative final exam at the end of the first semester worth 100 points.

IT IS UNLIKELY THAT YOU WILL PASS THE CLASS IF YOU FAIL TO CONSISTANTLY DO THE HOMEWORK AND LAB REPORTS. (However, you might still pass the AP exam.)

Grading Policy:

I estimate 600 to 800 points available per semester. Cumulative available points equal 100 percent. A test point is weighted no more nor less than any other point. The following scale will be used for assigning letter grades:

A = 100 - 90% B = 89 - 80% C = 79 - 70% D = 69 - 60% F = 59% or less.

A **C minus** (70-73%) is considered in danger of failing, as is anything in the **D** range. An **F** is, of course, failing.

Bonus points may be available on rare occasion at teacher's discretion.

Primary Textbook:

Brown, T.L., H.E. LeMay, Jr., and B.E. Bursten (2006). Chemistry: The Central Science, 10th ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice-Hall.

Primary Lab Manual:

Vonderbrink, S.A. (2001). Laboratory Experiments for Advanced Placement Chemistry. Batavia, IL: Flinn Scientific.

Supplementary Textbook:

Chang, R. (2002). Chemistry, 7th ed. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill.

Supplementary Lab Manual:

Nelson, J. H. and Kemp, K. C. (2003). Laboratory Experiments: Chemistry, The Central Science, 9th edition. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Education.

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Course Outline: (Dates and times are approximate.)

UNIT I: FUNDAMENTALS (3 weeks: 8/30-9/21)

A. Chapter One: Introduction <Problems (Brown et al): 5, 37-45 odd and 51>

1. Measurements in Chemistry
 - a. Metric System
 - c. Significant Figures
2. Dimensional Analysis: Factor-label Method of Problem Solving

Lab: Analysis of Ag in an Alloy (a gravimetric analysis); **or** *Gravimetric Analysis of a Chloride Salt* (3 hours)

B. Chapter Two: Atoms, Molecules, and Ions (summer assignment material) <Problems (Brown et al): 21, 23, 35, 39, 41, 43, 45, 49-65 odd >

1. Atomic Structure
2. Isotopes
3. Atomic Mass
4. Compounds: Ionic and Molecular
5. Inorganic Nomenclature

C. Chapter Three: Stoichiometry <Problems (Brown et al): 21, 23, 33, 35, 37, 39, 43, 45, 47, 49, 53, 57, 61, 63, 71, 77, 79, and [89]>

1. The Mole
2. Molar Mass
3. Empirical and Molecular Formulas
4. Percentage Composition
5. Calculations Using Balanced Equations
6. Limiting Reactants/Reagents

Lab: Finding the Ratio of Moles of Reactants in a Chemical Reaction; **or** *Chemical Formulas* (3 hours)

UNIT II: CHEMICAL REACTIONS (8 weeks: 9/21-11/21)

Chapter Four and Supplementary: Reactions and Solution Stoichiometry <Problems (Brown et al): 59-73 odd, [75], 77-85 odd, and [87]; and Reactions Worksheets>

1. Patterns of Chemical Reactivity (Chapt. 3 revisited)
2. Aqueous Solutions
 - a. Electrolytes
 - b. Non-electrolytes
3. Ionic Equations
4. Precipitation Reactions
5. Acid-Base Reactions
6. Oxidation-Reduction Reactions (balancing)
7. Molarity and Dilution
8. Titrations
9. Reactions (supplementary material)

Labs: Synthesis of Alum (2 hours), **and** Identification of Alum (5 hours); *Colorimetric Determination of Iron* (4 hours), **and** Analysis of Commercial Bleach (a quantitative redox titration) (3 hours)

Lab-source Key (Look at fonts.): Vonderbrink, *Nelson and Kemp*, other

AP Chemistry Syllabus**UNIT III: KINETICS** (3 weeks: 11/27-12/15)

Chapter Fourteen: Chemical Kinetics <Problems (Brown et al): 13, 15, 17, 19(a), 21, 22, 23-29 odd, [31], 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 43, 45, 49, 51, 52, 53, 55, [57], 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, and [79]>

1. Rate of Reactions
2. Rate Laws
3. First Order and Second Order Reactions
4. Activation Energy and Temperature Dependence
5. Collision Theory
6. Reaction Mechanisms
7. Rate Determining Step
8. Catalysis

Lab: Study of the Kinetics of a Reaction (a clock reaction); **or** *Rates Chemical of Reactions: A Clock Reaction* (4 hours)

UNIT IV: EQUILIBRIA (8 weeks: 12/18-2/16) Winter Break Assignment TBA (I will distribute *Chang*, your supplementary textbook.)**A. Chapter Fifteen: Chemical Equilibrium** <Problems (Brown et al): 9-45, odd>

1. Equilibrium Expression
2. Relationship Between Kinetics and Equilibrium
3. Determining Equilibrium Concentrations
4. LeChatelier's Principle

Lab: Determination of the Equilibrium Constant for the Formation of FeSCN^{2+} (3 hours)

B. Chapter Sixteen: Acids-Base Equilibria <Problems (Brown et al): 11-103, odd>

1. Bronsted Acids and Bases
2. Conjugated Acid-Base Pairs
3. Strength of Acids and Bases
4. Binary and Ternary Acids
5. Acid-Base Reactions
6. Lewis Acids and Bases
7. Weak Acids and Bases
8. Ionization Constants
9. Conjugated Acid-Base Ionization Constants
10. Diprotic and Polyprotic Acids
11. Acid-Base Properties of Salts

C. Chapter Seventeen: Additional Aspects of Aqueous Equilibria <Problems (Brown et al): 9-59, odd, and 69>

1. Common Ion Effect
2. Buffer Solutions (Henderson-Hasselbalch equation derivation & usefulness)
3. Acid-Base Titrations (mono- and di-protic acid with strong base)
4. Acid-Base Indicators
5. Amphoterism
6. Solubility and Solubility Product
7. pH and Solubility
8. Complex Ion Equilibria and Solubility
9. Qualitative Analysis Scheme

Labs: *Standardization of a Solution* (2 hours); *Titration of a Polyprotic Acid* (3 hours); *Buffers* (1 hour); **and** *Qualitative Analysis* (8 hours)

SEMESTER-ONE FINAL EXAM (from UNIT I through Chapter Fifteen or so of UNIT IV, typically):

Day One: Multiple Choice (50 points);

Day Two: Free Response (50 points);

AP Chemistry Syllabus**UNIT V: THERMODYNAMICS** (4 weeks: 2/26-3/26)

A. Chapter Five: Thermochemistry <Problems (Brown et al): 5.11, 19, 25, 29-35 odd, 41-61 odd, 63, 67-77 odd, 81-85 odd>

1. Enthalpy
2. Calorimetry
 - a. Specific heat
 - b. Heat capacity
 - c. Constant-volume calorimetry
 - d. Constant-pressure calorimetry
3. Standard Enthalpy of Formation
4. Hess's Law
5. Heat of Solution and Dilution

Labs: Thermochemistry and Hess's Law (3 hours); **and/or** Vapor Pressure and Enthalpy of Vaporization of Water (2 hours)

B. Chapter Eight, Section 8.8: Bond Enthalpies <Problems (Brown et al): 8.65 and 67>

C. Chapter Nineteen: Chemical Thermodynamics <Problems (Brown et al): 19.1, 5, 7, 13, 17-25 odd, 29, 31, 37-45 odd, 49, 55, and 61-69 odd>

1. Spontaneous Reactions and Entropy
2. Second Law of Thermodynamics
3. Third Law of Thermodynamics
4. Gibbs Free Energy
5. Free Energy and Chemical Equilibrium
6. Coulomb's Law (Chapter 2) vs. P.E.

UNIT VI: ELECTROCHEMISTRY (2 weeks: 3/26-4/6)

Chapter Twenty: Electrochemistry <Problems (Brown et al): 20.13, 15, 19-29 odd, 31-59 odd, and 73-87 odd>

1. Review of Redox Reactions (See UNIT II: CHEMICAL REACTIONS.)
2. Galvanic Cells
3. Standard Electrode Potentials
4. Spontaneity of Redox Reactions
5. Effect of Concentration on Cell EMF (Nernst equation derivation & usefulness)
7. Batteries
8. Corrosion
9. Electrolysis

Lab: Electrochemical Cells; **or** Electroplating; **or** An Activity Series (2 hours)

UNIT VII: QUANTUM THEORY AND PERIODICITY (1 week: 4/6-4/13) Spring Break Assignment TBA

A. Chapter Six: Electronic Structure of Atoms <Problems (Brown et al): Do odd-numbered exercises.>

1. Bohr's Theory
2. Emission Spectra
3. Electron Configurations, Electron Dot, Shell Notations

Lab: Flame tests (1 hour)

B. Chapter Seven: Periodic Properties of Elements <Problems (Brown et al): Do odd-numbered exercises.>

1. Photoelectron spectroscopy (PES)
2. Trends
3. Coulomb's law applied to I.E.
4. Links to Quantum Mechanics

AP Chemistry Syllabus**UNIT VIII: BONDING THEORY AND MOLECULAR GEOMETRY** (2 weeks: 4/13-4/27)

A. Chapter Eight: Basic Concepts of Chemical Bonding—Intramolecular Forces <Problems (Brown et al): Do odd-numbered exercises.>

1. Lewis Dot Diagrams
2. Lewis Structures
3. Resonance Structures
4. Double and Triple Bonds
5. Electronegativity and Bond Polarity
6. Dipole Moments

B. Chapter Nine: Molecular Geometry and Bonding Theories <Problems (Brown et al): Do odd-numbered exercises.>

1. VSEPR (Valence-Shell Electron-Pair Repulsion) Model
2. Molecular Geometry
3. Valence Bond Theory
4. Hybridization
5. Delocalized pi bonding

UNIT IX: STATES OF MATTER (1 week: 4/27-1st week in May)

A. Chapter Ten: Gases <Problems (Brown et al): Do odd-numbered exercises.>

1. Boyle's, Charles', and Avagadro's laws
2. Ideal Gas Law
 - a. Gas constant
 - b. Density
 - c. Molecular mass
 - d. Deviations
3. Dalton's Law of Partial Pressures (wet gases)
4. Mole fraction (Chapter 13) and partial pressures
5. Kinetic Theory of Gases
6. Maxwell-Boltzman distribution
7. Graham's Law

Lab: Molecular Mass of a Volatile Liquid; **or** *Behavior of Gases: Molar Mass of a Vapor* (3 hours)

B. Chapter Eleven: Intermolecular Forces, Liquids, and Solids <Heating-curve problems (worksheet)>

1. Kinetic-Molecular Theory
2. Intermolecular Forces
 - a. Ion-dipole
 - b. Dipole-dipole
 - c. London dispersion forces
 - d. Hydrogen bonding

UNIT X: REVIEW FOR AP EXAM

AP EXAM (TBA, Morning Session)

Labs to close out the year: Determination of the Hardness of Water (4 hours); Determination of phosphates in water (4 hours); *Synthesis of Aspirin* (3 hours), **and** *Analysis of Aspirin* (3 hours); **and** Esterification (2 hours)

Lab-source Key (Look at fonts.): Vonderbrink, *Nelson and Kemp*, other