## The 3 Rules for Naming the 3 Types of Acids

Rule 1—<u>If the acid is binary</u>, i.e. has a monatomic anion, <u>or has an ion ending in -ide</u>, then: Hydro(root name of anion)ic acid

## JUST BECAUSE ACID FORMULAS BEGIN WITH "H" DOES NOT MEAN THAT EVERY ACID'S NAME BEGINS WITH HYDRO!!

Rule 2—If the acid has anion ending in -ate,

then: (Root name of anion)ic acid

Rule 3—<u>If the acid has anion ending in -ite</u>,

then: (Root name of anion)ous acid

Acid	Name
1. HF	
2. HCl	
3. HBr	
4. H <sub>2</sub> S	
5. HClO <sub>4</sub>	
6. HClO <sub>3</sub>	
7. HClO <sub>2</sub>	
8. HClO	
9. HNO <sub>3</sub>	
10. HNO <sub>2</sub>	
11. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	
12. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	
13. H <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	
14. H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	
15. H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	
16. HC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	
Name	Formula
17. Nitric acid	
18. Acetic acid	
19. Sulfuric acid	
20. Periodic acid	
21. Hydroiodic acid	
22. Hydrocyanic acid	
23. Phosphorous acid	
24. Permanganic acid	
25. Hypochlorous acid	
26. Hydrophosphoric acid	